By: Ellis S.B. No. 1677

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the reporting of a lost or stolen firearm; providing
3	criminal penalties.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Subchapter D, Chapter 411, Government Code, is
6	amended by adding Section 411.0511 to read as follows:
7	Sec. 411.0511. REPORT TO DEPARTMENT REGARDING LOST OR
8	STOLEN FIREARM. (a) A law enforcement agency that receives a
9	report of a lost or stolen firearm shall provide a copy of the
10	report to the department in the form and manner and at regular
11	intervals as prescribed by rules adopted by the department. The
12	rules must require submission of any original or supplemental
13	investigative report related to the firearm and must require the
14	law enforcement agency to submit for each firearm reported lost or

- 16 (1) the county and, if applicable, municipality in
- 17 which the firearm was lost or stolen; and
- (2) a description of the firearm, including the serial
- 19 <u>number of the firearm if known.</u>
- 20 (b) The department shall analyze information received under
- 21 this section and shall make the analysis required by this section
- 22 available to any local law enforcement agency, political
- 23 <u>subdivision</u>, or state agency to the extent the analysis is
- 24 reasonably necessary or useful to the agency or subdivision in

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stolen:

- 1 carrying out duties imposed by law on the agency or subdivision.
- 2 This subsection may not be construed to enable direct access by a
- 3 person to information analyzed by the department under this section
- 4 if the person does not otherwise have direct access to that
- 5 information. Dissemination of the analysis required by this
- 6 section is subject to all confidentiality requirements imposed by
- 7 <u>other law.</u>
- 8 SECTION 2. Chapter 46, Penal Code, is amended by adding
- 9 Section 46.16 to read as follows:
- Sec. 46.16. FAILURE TO REPORT LOST OR STOLEN FIREARM. (a)
- 11 A person commits an offense if the person:
- 12 (1) owns a firearm that is subsequently lost by or
- 13 stolen from the person; and
- 14 (2) fails to report the loss or theft to a peace
- officer or law enforcement agency on or before the 48th hour after
- 16 the time the person knew or reasonably should have known the firearm
- 17 was lost or stolen.
- (b) A person commits an offense if the person knowingly
- 19 makes a false report of a lost or stolen firearm to a peace officer
- 20 or law enforcement agency.
- 21 <u>(c) A person commits an offense if the person:</u>
- 22 (1) reports the loss or theft of a firearm to a peace
- 23 officer or law enforcement agency;
- 24 (2) subsequently recovers the firearm; and
- 25 (3) fails to report the recovery to the officer or
- 26 agency before the 31st day after the date the person recovers the
- 27 firearm.

- S.B. No. 1677
- 1 (d) An offense under Subsection (a) is a Class C
- 2 misdemeanor, except that the offense is a Class B misdemeanor if it
- 3 is shown on the trial of the offense that the person has been
- 4 previously convicted of an offense under that subsection.
- 5 (e) An offense under Subsection (b) or (c) is a Class C
- 6 misdemeanor with a maximum fine of \$250.
- 7 (f) If conduct constituting an offense under this section
- 8 also constitutes an offense under another section of this code, the
- 9 actor may be prosecuted under either section or under both
- 10 sections.
- 11 SECTION 3. Section 46.16(a), Penal Code, as added by this
- 12 Act, applies only to a firearm that is lost or stolen on or after the
- 13 effective date of this Act. A firearm that was lost or stolen
- 14 before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in
- 15 effect on the date the firearm was lost or stolen, and the former
- 16 law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- 17 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013.